



September 25-27, 2023 | RAI Amsterdam Convention Center

City ofAmsterdam

X GGD

Amsterdam





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Introduction

- Impoverished and socially excluded individuals are highly vulnerable to sexual health issues and STIs.
- Discriminatory barriers in health services may further aggravate their susceptibility.
- The availability of easily accessible, comprehensive sexual health services could facilitate prevention and care, reducing complications and interrupting chains of transmission.
- Non-discriminatory services can provide first access to health services for a wide range of vulnerable people.





Needs Assessment and Planning





- 1. Identify the local to set up a clinic
- 2. Identify specific needs of potential clients by mapping the area and interviewing target populations;
 - Plan pericarvices, supplies, and boncoraris;
 - Develop quality care tools and inclusive communication strategies;
- Provide training to healthcare workers for nondiscriminatory care;
- 6. Identify potential barriers and facilitators.



Innovation





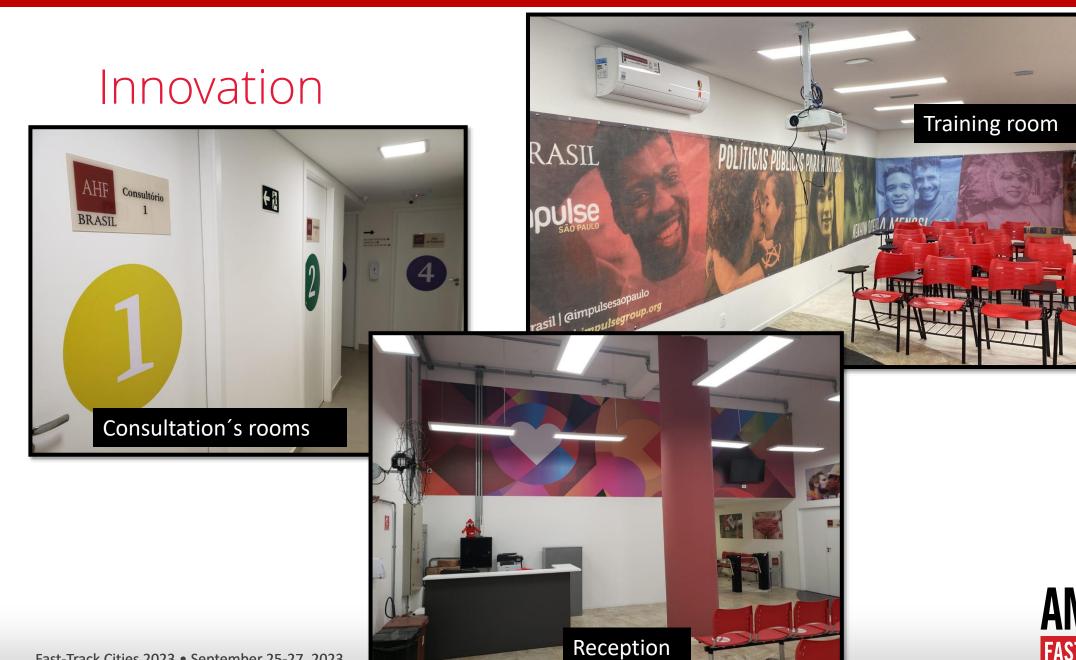
- Community engagement: capacity building, community-driven solutions;
- Individualized care (addressing specificities, including medication);





• Eletronic medical system: data collection to strategic information about KP, programmatic data for action/advocacy.









Client's Profile (AHF Brasil Sexual Health Clinic São Paulo/Brazil, Dec 2022 – Sept 15th, 2023)



Schooling

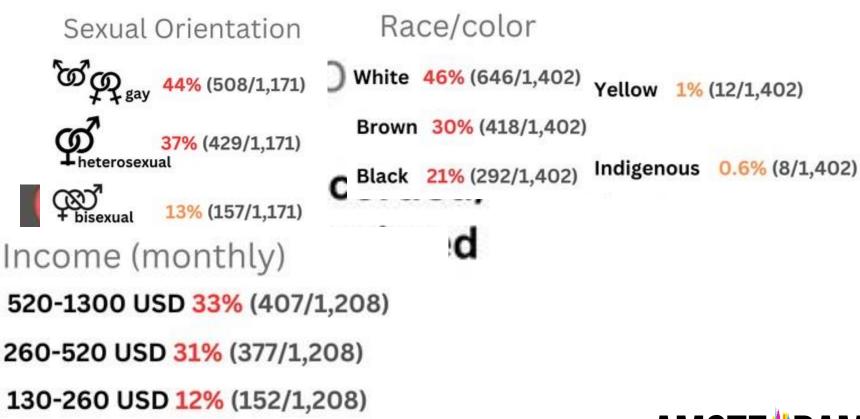
12-17 years 42,5% (494/1,162)

12 years 35% (411/1,162)

>=17 years 9% (108/1,162)

3% (46/1,409) transwoman





No income 10% (122/1,208)



Medical Findings (AHF Brasil Sexual Health Clinic Client´s Profile São Paulo/Brazil, Dec 2022 – Sept 15th, 2023)





Testing (positivity ratio)

All rapid tests (HIV, Syphilis, Hep B and C)		HIV rapid test		Syphilis rapid test			Į.
2.88% (143/4,714)		2.28% (30/1,315)		10.21% 100/977			5
2.93% 136/4638		2.26% 28/1236		11.2% 97/862		L	
4.86% 7/138		5.12% 2/39		33% 3/9		1	59
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Main STI Syndromes (treatment initiation)

Urethritis/ discharges 446

Syphilis 132

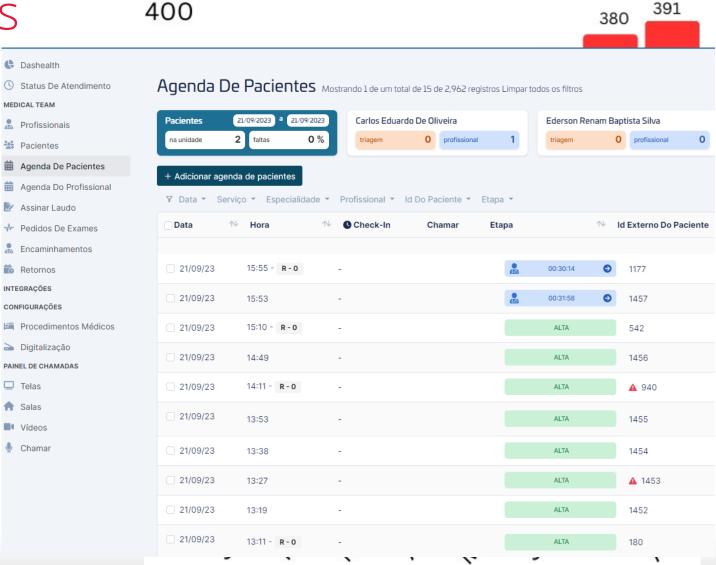
Ulcers 230

Genital warts 60



Total of clients attended per month

Challenges





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PEAK TIME



Average length of stay



Lessons Learned: Continuum Quality Care





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Way Forward





 Improvements in our Electronic Health System and Data Management



 Reaching the Specific Population (Peer-to-Peer Strategies, Communication, Community Activities)



• Operational Research





Acknowledgment

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