



September 25-27, 2023 | RAI Amsterdam Convention Center

City ofAmsterdam

X GGD **X** Amsterdam





Global AIDS Strategy: Societal Enabler Targets

Societal enablers

10–10–10 targets

for removing social and legal impediments towards an enabling environment limiting access or utilization of HIV services

Less than 10% of countries have punitive legal and policy environments that deny or limit access to services. discrimination.

Less than 10% of people living with women, girls, HIV and key populations experience stigma and

Less than 10% of people living with HIV and key populations experience gender inequality and violence.





Anti-rights and anti-gender movements

"steep rise in ultraconservative political leaders and religious groups using their platforms to promote bigotry, dehumanize persons on the basis of sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression, and foster stigma and intolerance among their constituencies." UN Independent Expert SOGI report to the 76th UN General Assembly, 2021





We still have a long way to go before 2030

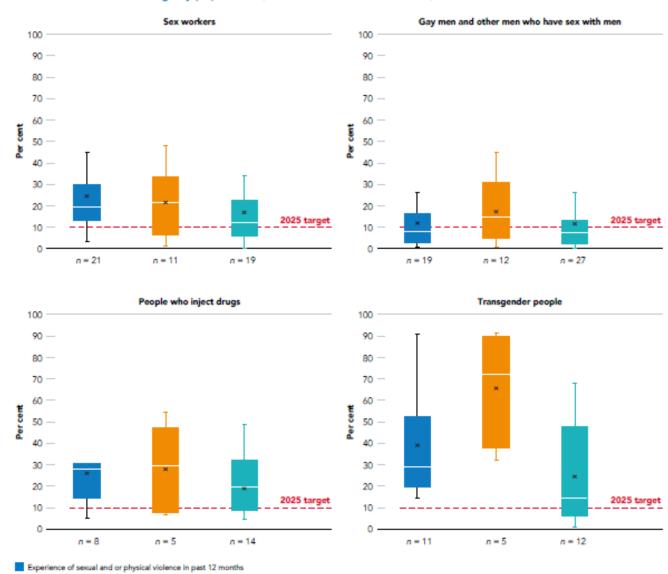
Studies show that transgender people who have experienced stigma in health care are three times more likely to avoid health care than transgender people who have not experienced stigma

In a study in eight sub-Saharan African countries, 27% of transgender women said they were too afraid to use health-care services.

A median of 15% of gay men and other men who have sex with men (12 reporting countries) and 22% of sex workers (11 reporting countries) say they have experienced stigma and discrimination in the past six months. A median of 30% of people who inject drugs (five reporting countries) and 72% of transgender people (five reporting countries) report similar experiences

People from key populations continue to face pervasive violence, stigma and discrimination

Figure 2.14 Experience of sexual and or physical violence, stigma and discrimination and avoidance of health-care services among key populations, countries with available data, 2018–2022



Source: UNAIDS Global AIDS Monitoring, 2023 (https://aidsinfo.unaids.org/). Note: n refers to the number of reporting countries.

Avoidance of health-care services because of stigma and discrimination in past 12 months

Experience of stigma and discrimination in past six months

Pushing back on the pushback

- The human rights backlash reinforces what we already knew: we cannot take human rights gains for granted.
- Current approaches assume legal and social norm change can be achieved and then we move on.
- Social norm change is a continuous process requiring ongoing effort.
- Sustainability beyond 2030 means making sure that systems and structures are in place to enable and support continued, sustainable efforts to confront stigma and discrimination and attempts at regressive law reform.





Discussion at the thematic segment of the UNAIDS

Programme Coordinating Board

"Anti-gender movements are increasingly influential worldwide, encouraging stigma, discrimination and legal changes which restrict the rights of key populations."

"Anti-gender movements are having serious impacts on key populations as well as societies more broadly, and undermining the social enablers which give strength to the HIV response."

THEMATIC SEGMENT

Priority and key populations
especially transgender people,
and the path to 2025 targets:
Reducing health inequities
through tailored and systemic
responses



26 – 28 June 2023 | Geneva, Switzerland UNAIDS Programme Coordinating Board Issue date: 14 June 2023





Ways forward – Recommendations

Understand and counter anti-gender movements

- ✓ Build on and support the research within institutions, NGOs and academia, including that led by communities, to better understand and anticipate this movement, and its impacts on HIV and key populations.
- ✓ Develop and fund collective strategies to counter anti-gender movements.
- ✓ Build donor coalitions, and cross-movement and cross-sectoral alliances, including with inclusive faith-based responses

Support community-led responses

- ✓ Increase the proportion of HIV services (prevention, testing and treatment and for societal enablers) led by key populations (30/80/60 targets).
- ✓ Include key populations especially transgender people in governance mechanisms and decision making for health.
- ✓ Support community-led monitoring and research considering context and needs of each key population.
- ✓ Build capacity community-led organizations, supporting intersectional work and solidarity.

Agenda item 8

UNAIDS/PCB (52)/23.2

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Thank you

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