



October 11-13, 2022 | Barceló Sevilla Renacimiento







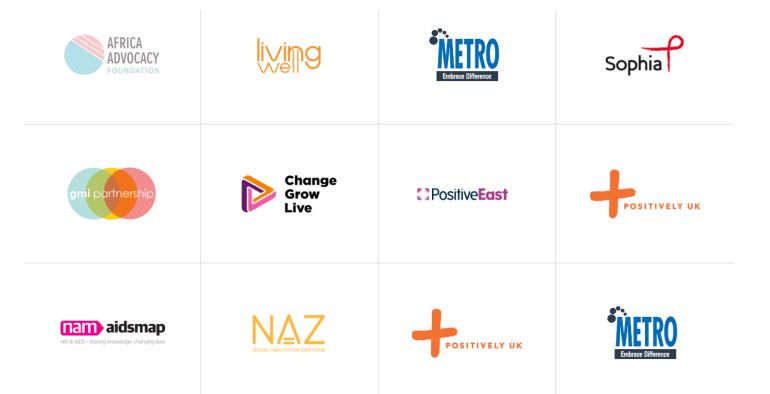
# HIV: 39,000 people living with HIV in London

- Extraordinary progress since first reports of AIDS in the 1980s
- HIV important ongoing public health and inequalities concern:
  - 1,600 undiagnosed
  - 8,000 may have transmissible levels of HIV
  - High levels of stigma and discrimination which reduces quality of life, testing, treatment and care
  - Underserved and marginalised communities disproportionately affected
- People on effective treatment cannot pass it on U=U



## London's HIV partnership working

- Needed a radically different approach, fully embracing expertise of people living with HIV and the voluntary sector.
- HIV improvement community launched in March 2020, £3m over 3 years – 13 projects led by 22 voluntary sector organisations working closely with 9 NHS trusts in London





## How did we do it?

- Quality Improvement approach with a relentless focus on the needs of the whole person rather than just their health condition.
- Projects brought together regularly to promote continual learning, sharing of skills and information as an adaptive network, collaborating across the system in London.
- Partnership was given: freedom, funding, support and the stability of a three-year duration, all provided in a unique environment for the projects to flourish.



#### **FAST TRACK CITIES LONDON IMPROVEMENT COMMUNITY**

#### **GETTING LONDON TO ZERO**



Our projects launched across 3 themes



Testing



Improving quality of life and psychosocial support



Working with underserved communities

#### Working directly with





Voluntary and community organisations + their local partners





Hospital



people tested

#### Testing in a range of settings including





shelters



clinics



Community

organisations



Mobile clinic





#### Reaching people in underserved communities







homelessness



Struggling with alcohol and drugs



aged 40+

struggling with alcohol and drugs 92% are undetectable

We are supporting...

**HIV** status recorded increased

from 50%

սբ բ. 7 **95**%

#### Clinician referrals into peer support services increased by 900%



Many people tell us...

I've never been tested in the UK for HIV... I've never heard of PEP or PrEP...

are supporting more people to access benefits



reduction in the number of patients lost to follow up and re-engaged in care





People diagnosed with HIV and getting treatment

#### People in our social groups for mothers of young children



**say...** I feel more connected with people like me, it helps me break through the feelings of isolation



740+

people

receiving psychosocial support

**Educational videos** 

People receiving

psychosocial support

I feel

report...



less isolated and more confident

1,805+ people supported







# Why it worked

- People living with HIV instrumental in co-designing the improvement community from the outset, now involved in many of the projects.
- Targeted and personalised services, adapted to people's needs, designed by people living with HIV.
- Many examples of improvement collaboratives across the NHS, but rarely focused on voluntary sector leadership and on tackling inequalities to this extent.
- Wider partners have been involved, e.g. faith leaders trained to talk to their congregation about HIV, training for support workers in homeless hostels, brief intervention training for drug and alcohol workers to support people with misuse issues.



## What next?

- Each new diagnosis saves the NHS around £140k by avoiding future transmission of HIV, improving health outcomes and avoiding admissions or intensive care by diagnosing before its needed.
- This is a blueprint for managing long-term conditions in the NHS with the support of patients, communities and the voluntary sector.
- Embedding peer support into NHS clinics is improving health outcomes, retention in care and lost to follow ups, as well as quality of life, stigma and discrimination.
  Clinicians reporting a transformed way of working.
- London's partnership led to routine HIV testing in ED programme (launched 1 April 2022) which is causing referrals back into these projects.

