# **Continuity of HIV Care in the Presence of COVID-19**

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# Shared responsibility, Global Solidarity





**AIDS-related Deaths** 



# 2018 Deaths : 770,000

# COVID-19 Impact: 10% Increase in HIVrelated deaths over next 5 years...

Imperial College, London, Report 19, May 1 2020



## **Presentation Outline**



- What People Want & Need: Communities in the lead
- HIV Service Continuity: Flexibility & Creativity
- Beyond Healthcare Services: Social & Economic Inequalities
- Global Solidarity: Financing, Commitments



## What are the needs of PLHIV, key and other vulnerable groups and what can we mobilize?

#### What people living with HIV need to know about HIV and COVID-19

COVID-19 is a serious disease and all people living with HIV should take all recommended preventive measures to minimize exposure to, and prev infection by, the virus that causes COVID-19.

It's important to underline that there is curre strong evidence that people living with HIV are an especially increased risk of contracting COV or if they do contract it they will experience a worse outcome. This does not mean that peop living with HIV should take COVID-19 lightly a they must take all precautions to protect themselves.

As in the general population, older people liv with HIV or people living with HIV with heart lung problems may be at a higher risk of be ected with the virus and of suffering more serious symptoms

As COVID-19 continues to spread around the it will be important for ongoing research in set with a high prevalence of HIV in the general population to shed more light on the biological nunological interactions between HIV and t



Precautions that people living with HIV and key populations should follow to prevent COVID-19 infection

#### Stay safe

- · Clean hands frequently with soap and water (for 40-60 seconds) or an alcohol-based hand sanitize (for 20-30 seconds).
- Cover your mouth and nose with a flexed elbow of tissue when coughing or sneezing. Throw the tissue away after use
- · Avoid close contact with anyone who has a
- Stay home when you are ill.

· If you are experiencing fever, a cough and difficulty preathing and have recently travelled to, or are a resident in, an area where COVID-19 is reported, you should seek medical care immediately from y sour community health service, doctor or local hospital. Before you go to a doctor's office or hospital, call ahead and tell them about your symptoms and recent travel

If you are ill, wear a medical mask and stay away





#### ou should have a supply of your necessary medica æ supplies on hand—ideally for 30 days or more. The World Health Organization

HIV treatment guidelines now recommend multimor dispensing of three months or more of HIV medicines for most people at routine visits although this has not been widely implemented in all countries.

Know how to contact your clinic by telephone in the event that you need advice.

Know how to access treatment and other supports within your community. This treatment could include antiretroviral therapy, tuberculosis medication (if on tuberculosis treatment) and any other medication for other illnesses that you

Key populations, including people who use drugs sex workers, gay men and other men who have sex with men, transgender

ople and pri should ensure that they have essential means to prevent HIV infection uch as sterile needle and syringes and/ or opioid substitution erapy, condoms and re-exposure prophylax (PrEP). Adequate suppli

er-affirming ho be obtained Not all countries h

allow for longer prescriptions. Be in touch with your health-care provider as early as possible. Consider working with others in your community to persuade health-care providers and decision makers to provide multi-month prescriptions fo your essential medicines.

Discuss with your network of family and friend how to support each other in the event that social distancing measures are put in place. Make alternate arrangements within your unity for food



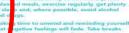
· Check that you know how to reach your local network of people living with HIV by electronic mea Make a plan for telephone and for social media connections in the event that public health measures call for people to stay home or if you become ill.

#### Support yourself and people around you

 The outbreak of COVID-19 may cause fear and anxiety—everyone is encouraged to take care of themselves and to connect with loved ones. People living with HIV and their communities have decades. of experience of resilience, surviving and thriving ind can draw on their rich shared history to sup









#### you are feeling with a d or family member. top stigma and know your rights

your concerns and

Stigma and discr itigma and discrimination is a barrier to an effective esponse to COVID-19. This is a time where racism, stigma and discrimination can be directed against groups considered to be affected.

> Your workplace, access to health care or access to education, for you or you children, may be affected by the COVID-19 outbreak if social distancing measures are put in place in your community. Find out your rights and make sure that you and your community are prepared.

### Treatment of COVID-19



are also being tested in well designed clinical trials. Since those trials have not ended, it is too early to say whether other medicines are effective in treating COVID-19.

antiretroviral medicines or

In Indonesia, sex workers are adapting to COVID-19 through support following rapid needs assessments

Sex workers are increasingly needing mental health support to combat the stress and anxiety

- OPSI is supporting the urgent needs of the sex worker community though social media
- A video teaching meditation and breathing • techniques was recently launched to help sex workers cope with stress and to improve their general well-being
- Innovative approaches including making . masks for sex workers
- For those who need one-on-one support, • **OPSI** has also established a counselling hotline



### CONTINUITY OF HIV CARE IN THE PRESENCE OF COVID-19



# **Community-led Resiliency**

- Governance: dialogue, decisions, designs
- Community-led Service
  Delivery
- Community-led Monitoring

## UGANDA

- 3-6 months MMD as part of differentiated service delivery during COVID-19 for all clients regardless of age and viral load.
- Community drug distribution through Community Drug Distribution Points (CDDPs) and Community Client Led ART Delivery (CCLADs).
- Monthly appointments and refills at the facility for the following:
  - The very sick e.g. clients co-infected with TB and are in intensive phase of TB treatment
  - Pregnant mothers
  - Breastfeeding mothers with babies below 6 months of age





## HIV Service Continuation: Expansion of flexible models Focus on....Multi-month dispensing (MMD)

## Rapid assessments to:

- Know where we are at % of people on MMD
- Identify and address barriers real, perceived, political will
- Design strategies to give power to people/ensure continuity of services across – ART, TB, OST, PREP, Testing
- Make positive change permanent
- Additional Quality Supports community supports for treatment/treatment questions, a staffed call-in line at clinics for patients to be able to call in with questions, virtual platforms for prevention services



# Virtual Platforms - Community networks extend arms to connect people to medicine in Viet Nam



**Virtual platforms** 

- To offer info on health-related issues;
- Find solutions for people stuck out of hometowns/countries and without ARVs;
- Offer mental health support



# **Stocks & Supply Chains**

 Global coordination with partners for global supply chain updates for ALL essential medicines including for HIV



- Monitoring of national and site level stocks
- Address perceived supply chain fears as well as offer solutions when shortages are on the horizon
- Change regulations for minimum stock required move towards a 12month equivalent of supply requirement
- Overall situation stable but caution required: no immediate ARV production shortages for adults – lockdowns in countries might impact distribution





## Social, Economic Inequalities– Joint Political Voice & Actions

- PEOPLE: Political Voice with key populations joint UN Statements and Calls to Action with:
  - Sex Workers,
  - LGBT persons
  - People in Detention and Prison
- PLACES: Don't' overlook High density / High Vulnerability Settings: refugee camps, slums, overcrowded urban settings
  - Comprehensive package of interventions access to information/engagement, hygiene (soap, water) food, income along with prioritisation for testing, tracing and treatment for pandemic control
- ISSUES:
  - Increasing Gender-based Violence, Violence Against Children
  - Human Rights Abuses

CONTINUITY OF HIV CARE IN THE PRESENCE OF COVID-19





# Human Rights Principles for an Effective COVID-19 Response



#### UNAIDS 2020

## Rights in the time of COVID-19

Lessons from HIV for an effective, community-led response.

### **The Seven Principles**

- 1. Engage affected communities from the beginning
- 2. Combat all forms of stigma and discrimination
- 3. Ensure access to free or affordable screening, testing and care for the most vulnerable and hard to reach
- 4. Remove barriers to people protecting their own health or that of their communities
- 5. Restrictions to protect public health must be of limited duration, proportionate, necessary and evidence based
- 6. Countries must support each other to ensure no country is left behind
- 7. Support and protect health care workers



# **Global Solidarity**

## MONEY

- GFATM 1 B USD available for response to Covid 19 through 5% reprogramming AND Racid Response Mechanism—including sustaining HIV, TB services under difficult circumstances
- WB offering 14 B USD in loans as Fast Track Financing Facility process for 25 first wave countries launched on 2<sup>nd</sup> April
- G20 Bilateral Debt Standstill for 8 months for all Low Income Countries (76 countries) tied to increased health and socio – economic spending for addressing covid crisis.
- UN Secretary General funding appeals for: The health response; the humanitarian response; the socio economic impact response
- EU and Partners International pledge marathon for affordable access to Covid-19 vaccine, treatment and testing for all 7,4 out of 8,5 billion USD requested raised within the first day
- COMMITMENTS...
  - This is also about PRIORITY and ACCESS...to tests, treatments, vaccines
  - Africa CDC PACT: Partnership to Accelerate COVID-19 Testing in Africa





# COVID-19

