COUNTRY LEVEL IMPACT: SOUTH AFRICA

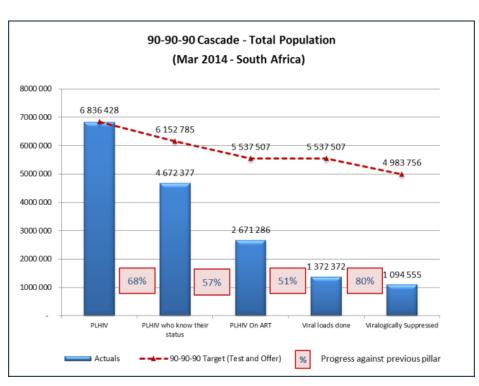
YOGAN PILLAY

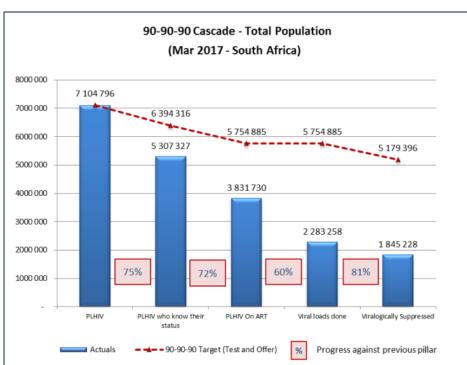
90-90-90 TARGETS WORKSHOP 22-23 JULY 2017

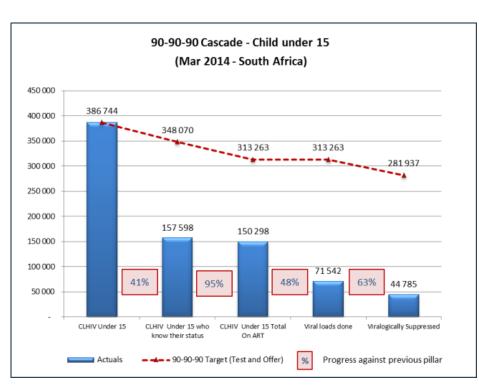
PARIS

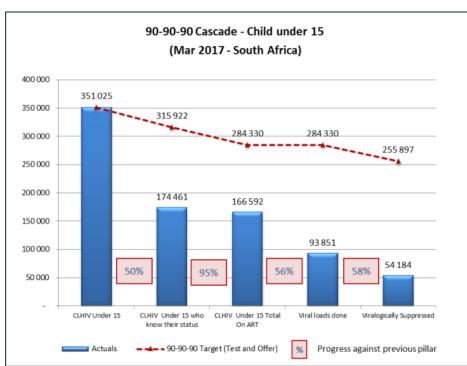
Impact of ART (STATSSA, 2016)

- Life expectancy increased from 55.2 years in 2002 to 65 years in 2016
- Improved access to ARVs has enabled HIV positive people to live longer and healthy lives, resulting in a decline in AIDS related deaths between 2006 (48%) and 2016 (28%).









IPT implementation

Province	IPT 14/15	PLHIVTB screen	%IPT (70%)	l	PLHIV TB screen	%IPT (75%)`	IPT16/17	PLHIVTB screen	%IPT (80%)
EC	52790								
FS	21792	23831	91	21319	22815	93	17909	19565	92
GP	87952	91583	96	91378	106903	85	83349	108010	77
KZN	114947	149207	77	101940	127888	80	117339	138572	85
LP	46333	61518	75	36676	54358	67	35871	47554	75
MP	46732	57590	81	41479	49086	85	38532	44580	86
NC	4779	6221	77	5277	6558	80	5930	6744	88
иW	29782	33843	88	21116	24442	86	20790	23911	87
wc	21809	24555	89	18642	18861	99	22746	25663	89
NDoH	426916	507482	84	391216	470140	83	393400	471215	83

Province	L	PLHIV TB screen	%IPT (70%)		PLHIV TB screen	%IPT (75%)`	L	PLHIV TB screen	%IPT (80%)
EC	52790	59134	89	53389	59229	90	50934	56616	90
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Q2 Progress: High burden district

		CUMM TARGETS:	RESULTS:	RESULTS:	CUMM RESULTS:	% ACHIEVEMENT	STATUS	
	Row Labels -	FY2017	FY17-Q1	FY17-Q2	FY2017			l
Clinical	HTS_TST	1,163,327	362,998	339,528	702,526	60%	0	1
	HTS_Positive	172,511	37,210	36,285	73,495	43%	0	
	TX_NEW	165,580	22,084	23,626	45,7 0	28%	U	F
	TX_CURR	575,968	347,763	357,807	357,8 <mark>)</mark> 7	62%	0	
PMTCT	PMTCT_STAT	77,139	15,923	14,857	30,780	40%	0	
	PMTCT_ART	15,237	6,086	11,903	17,989	118%	0	
	PMTCT_EID	32,182	9,393	7,476	16,869	52%	0	
TB	TB_STAT	28,630		12,935	12,935	45%	0	
	TB_ART	15,391		7,547	7,547	49%	0	
PREVENTION	KP_PREV	23,724		11,662	11,662	49%	0	
	PP_PREV	399,681		101,150	101,150	25%	0	
	VMMC_CIRC	103,853	7,201	5,523	12,7 <mark>2</mark> 4	12%	0)
	PrEP_NEW	333	63	66	129	39%	0	
OVC	OVC_SERV	75,505		39,552	39,552	52%	0	

detection with overall high yield (facility, community)

TX_NEW with improving 'linkage' post-

Moderate
acceleration of
TX_CURR/Net_N
ew

Low results-Project 281k

Key Findings: Areas of Strength

- Commodities Management is Excellent
- QI/QA activities are Excellent
- Patient Tracking System, ART Registers, ART
 Monitoring and Adherence Support are Excellent
- Test and Start is Strong

 Community linkage to facility is promising but requires additional effort

Key Findings – Areas for Improvement

- Partner HIV Testing
- HIV Testing of Children of Adults Patients
- Quality Assurance of HIV Testing Services
- Site Level HIV Proficiency Testing
- Data Reporting Consistency HTS
- CCMDD has potential for patient leakage (e.g. patient choosing to return to clinics for drug pick-up)
- Facility referral to Community Services for Adult and Child PLHIV

Proposed solutions: Local level

- Analysis and evaluation by cluster
- Greater emphasis, understanding, analysis of 'Tx net new'
 - While targets and results will continue to be reported at the site level, analysis and evaluation of progress will focus on the 'cluster' level
- Unique identifier (UID)-recommend supplemental indicator: proportion of Tx clients with recorded UID (e.g. national ID, passport #)
- Encourage placement of M&E/data management staff to facilities and district levels to rapidly address data entry, management, and analysis needs.
 - Key areas: better monitoring/classification CCMDD patients, viral load done, diagnosed-not on Tx and follow-up
- Expand use of HTC, 'pre-ART' modules in tier.Net to better track the continuum of identification, linkage, treatment

Conclusions

- Enhance testing rate especially for men, adolescents
- Strengthen linkage to care (use of UID, linkage officers)
- Deep dives per district, catchment (cluster) areas
- Local/tailored solutions needed